

ACE-WIL Virtual Town Hall: Connecting the Phase II COWIL Projects

Hosted by BCcampus

Facilitators:

Helena Prins, Anna Jubilo, Karima Ramji, Renée Livernoche, Julianna Nielsen, Hannah Ahluwalia

Helena Prins BCcampus hprins@bccampus.ca February 8, 2022

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Association for Co-operative Education and Work-Integrated Learning

BC/Yukon



Since time immemorial, the salilwata? tamax (Tsleil-Waututh), Skwxwú7mesh-ulh Temíxw (Squamish), x^wməθk^wəyəm (Musqueam), WSÁNEĆ (Saanich), and the Esquimalt and Songhees Nations of the Lakwanan (Lekwungen) Peoples have walked gently on the unceded territories where we are grateful to live, work, and play. We are committed to building relationships with the first peoples here, based in honour and respect, and we thank them for their hospitality.

Agenda

- Indigenous Resource Hub and Self-Location Activity
- Themes of Phase II COWIL
 Projects
- ACE-WIL Announcements





Indigenous WIL Resource Hub

With Karima Ramji, Renée Livernoche, & Julianna Nielsen

Self-Locating and Self-Identifying

Many employers request that Indigenous students self-identify in their job application. Self-identification can take the form of adding a note in your cover letter, including a diversity statement, or completing a questionnaire. This info sheet helps students navigate their process of self-locating and their decision to self-identify in the hiring process.

Communications Assistant - 165784

Application deadline: August 15, 2021

September 5, 2021

Victoria, BC

The communications branch supports the work of the

MR by ensuring that ministry staff are kept up to date

on emerging issues and the public is kept informed

on the ministry's workings and missions. Accessible

Full Time, 16 Weeks

1915/hour, 35 hours per week -

Ministry of Reconciliation

Start Date:

Position Type:

Overview of employer

Salary/Wage:

Location:

(MR) Communications Branch

Job Posting Example and Application Breakdown

Write your resume and cover letter to be specific to the

job posting, the employer, and their expectations. This

Ensure other obligations can be accommodated or place

If the pay rate or location presents a barrier to you, ask

Some employers might briefly introduce their core

your co-op advisor if wage top-ups or travel bursaries are

missions, values, and workplace cultures. Does the working

explore while applying for co-op jobs.

on pause during the work term.

environment appeal to you?

available to you.

no sheet breaks down points to consider and options to

Employment Equity and Legal Prote

The Canadian Harmon Rights Act (RS.C. 1985, c. 1+44) protocols hiring and workplace discrimination, while the <u>Employment B</u> (SC. 1995, c.44, s.1) encourages employen to recognize, and paddress, the employment barriers faced by warmer, Indigenous persons with disabilities, and whible misorities.

To help employers identify and correct inequitable employn opportunities, the BC Office of the Haman Rights Commis allows employers to introduce limited and preferential hirin programs in favour of equity-seeking groups.

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Track recruitment, application, and hiring gaps;
 Exercise preferential or limited hiring procedures;
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Better meet the needs of Indigenous partners and clie

Temptagement equity means more than treating persons in way but also nequines special measures and the accome of differences." - EfA 1005.c44.s2



Responding to the TRC's Calls to Action

In 2015, the Truth and Reconciliation Commission published 94 Calls to Action tasking governments and institutions to amend the practices to redress the harms of the Indian Residential School

rtion 7 and 92 are particularly relevant to you as a work-integrated learning (WIL) prac effect on how you, through your interactions with WIL program developers and e d sustain a process of reconciliation.

Action 7 calls for the elimination of education and employ rship with Indigenous groups and government bodies.

w) Does your institution track Indigenous enrolment in WIL? What strategies exis ccessible, and culturally-relevant WIL programs and placements for Indigenous 3 dvises these strategic initiatives? How do you define your responsibilities as a bri id hiring partners?

Action 92 (i-iii) "call[s] upon the corporate sector in Cana e United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peo ation framework and to apply its principles, norms, and stands e policy and core operational activities involving Indigenous p ds and resources. This would include, but not be limited to, the

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Hiring Indigenous Students: The Job Posting and Beyond

This information sheet looks to support employers that are reflecting and acting on commitments to the Truth and Reconciliation Commission's Calls to Action on employment disparity. This short explainer clarifies the language of special hiring programs and offers strategies to connect with Indigenous applicants.

Special Hiring Programs

- British Columbia's Office of the Human Rights Commissioner and the Canadian Human Rights Commission (HRC) both recognize that special hiring programs for Indigenous people are not discriminatory. As a **positive** and **proactive** policy, these hiring programs must be implemented with the intention to address the needs of Indigenous people.
- Through the adoption of BC DRIPA in 2019, UNDRIP provides a provincial framework for reconciliation. The 22nd Article of UNDRIP supports the rights of Indigenous people to special programs that aim for the immediate and effective immediate and social conditions.





Introducing the Project & Contributors

With Karima Ramji



Learning

BC/Yukon

INDIGENOUS WIL RESOURCE HUB

Through funding provided by the BC Ministry of Advanced Education and Skills Training, and in partnership with the BC WIL Council and six post-secondary institutions around British Columbia, the University of Victoria led this provincial initiative to develop resources to support Indigenous student access, retention, and success in WIL programs.



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The Indigenous WIL Resource Hub

With Renée Livernoche

Goals: To create an Indigenous Co-op/WIL Resource Hub, through ACE-WIL BC/Yukon, that can be accessed by all BC PSI members to support Indigenous student access to, retention in, and success in Co-op/WIL learning programs. This will support PSIs to:

reduce barriers to Co-op and WIL opportunities for Indigenous students;
broaden access to Co-op and WIL in rural BC; and
to improve indigenous students' educational experiences and labour market readiness









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Indigenous WIL Resource Hub

With Renée Livernoche

ADDRESSING TOKENISM

Recognizing and celebrating Indigenous talents, skills, and knowledge, many employers have committed to creating diverse, equitable, and inclusive workplaces. Sometimes, however, these diversity initiatives fall short of creating the supportive and safe environments in which Indigenous WIL students thrive. This collection of resources encourages employers to go beyond an 'add and stir' approach to diversity and inclusion, featuring strategies and conversation prompts to better recognize and counter tokenism in the workplace.



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Posting and Beyond \rightarrow

Questions from Indigenous Students to Prospective Employers

To help employers better support and retain Indigenous employees in the workplace, Indigenous students* offered the following questions:

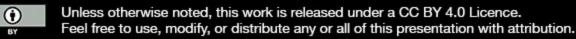
Questions about your workplace and intercultural training

- Is your organization committed to ongoing training, education, and professional development that seeks to develop an understanding of Indigenous histories and the impacts of colonization?
- Before you hire, do you have a clear sense of why your organization is seeking to hire Indigenous applicants?
- How does your hiring process respect, engage with, and respond to the diversity of Indigenous identities?
- How does your hiring process recognize and value the experiences and identity that an Indigenous employee brings to the workplace?
- What work have you done as a supervisor or as an organization to decolonize your workplace culture?

Questions about hiring and retention

- If an Indigenous person is hired for their cultural competencies, how will they be supported in the workplace?
- If an applicant experiences tokenization in the hiring process, what strategies does your organization have in place to address this?
- What kind of retention plans exist to specifically support new Indigenous hires?
- Does your organization provide child care benefits, resources, and services?
- Does your organization recognize and offer accommodations for cultural and family obligations?
- The work of reconciliation, diversity, inclusion, and anti-racism needs to be championed by non-Indigenous
 leadership in an organization. Who is your workplace's non-Indigenous leader/executive who leads this work?
- * We thank and acknowledge members of the Native Students Union at the University of Victoria for offering these questions. This resource was adapted from UVic's Decolonizing & Indigenizing your Hiring Practices information sheet.









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Co-op and Indigenous Third-Party Sponsorship funding

As Indigenous students across post secondary institutions embark on their educational and career journeys, work integrated learning (WIL) programs such as co-operative education offer hands on work experience opportunities and related funding that help contribute to their success

Funding may be available to students through Indigenous funding bodies or partners. However, Indigenous funding bodies or partners have different guidelines around the Post-Secondary Student Support Program (PSSSP) as it relates to co-op and WIL opportunities. This infosheet provides an overview summarizing what band offices and educational officers may need to know about co-op at post secondary institutions.

What is co-op?

Co-op is a program that enables students to enrich their academic studies by alternating between study terms in classes and work terms in paid positions related to their program of studies (these are called co-op work terms). Through hands-on learning, students build experience, confidence, and connections with the community. Students in most degree programs have the option to participate a co-op program available at their institutions; other programs may integrate co-op work terms directly in the curriculum.

Co-op programs help students transition into careers after their graduation. For example, at the University of Victoria, 75% of students who take part in co-op receive a job offer related to their degree by the time they graduate—often with an employer that they met during their co-op experience.

Indigenous students often complete co-op work terms in their home communities or with Indigenous organizations and initiatives.

How does taking part in co-op impact Indigenous students' sponsorship?

While receiving wages from their co-op position, it is often possible for students to continue receiving sponsorship through their band council office, nation, or organization that administers the PSSSP (requirements vary from nation to nation).

Maintaining Full-time student status - Co-op is an academic program. UVic considers students full-time while registered in a full-time co-op work term. Although students receive a salary during their work terms, they continue to pay tuition (the co-op work term fee) as well as any ancillary student fees, and they may also need to pay for moving, travel, and commuting expenses.

Sponsorship eligibility - Under the PSSSP, eligible expenditures for full-time students include the cost of tuition and other compulsory student fees, books and supplies, regional living allowances, and other expenditures.

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Indigenous WIL Resource Hub

With Renée Livernoche



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ACCESSIBILITY

The Co-op and Indigenous Third-Party Sponsorship Funding information sheet provides an overview summarizing what band offices and educational advisors may need to know about co-op at postsecondary institutions. This resource breaks down guidelines for the Post-Secondary Student Support Program (PSSSP) as it relates to co-op and WIL opportunities, helping students approach funding partners with requests for financial support.





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Post-Work Term Reflection and Employer Assessment Worksheet

This worksheet presents WIL students with an opportunity to reflect on their experiences of equity, diversity, and inclusion (EDI) in their workplaces. Students might also choose to share their employer's assessment with their WIL/Co-op coordinators. We encourage WIL practitioners to listen to student concerns and engage employers in conversation about EDI policies and the Truth and Reconciliation Commission's Calls to Action.

| Employer: | What culturally relevant opportunities did your employer provide? | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Work term dates: WIL/Co-op Coordinator: | | | |
| Do you consent to your WIL Coordinator sharing this fe | eedback anonymously with your employer? Yes No | | |

| During my placement, I was | always | usually | sometimes | rarely | never |
|--|--------|---------|-----------|--------|-------|
| made to feel welcomed and included. | | | | | |
| provided leadership opportunities. | | | | | |
| offered networking opportunities. | | | | | |
| recognized for my contributions. | | | | | |
| respected and accommodated. | | | | | |

I felt that my life experiences were valued, and my skills appreciated, when ...

Langara.

I felt that my experiences and skills were exploited, misunderstood, and/or overlooked when ...

...continues on reverse

University of Victoria

Indigenous WIL Resource Hub materials (accessible at acewilbc.ca) were supported with funding from the Ministry of Advanced Education and Skills Training and developed by

Indigenous WIL Resource Hub

With Renée Livernoche

ADDRESSING TOKENISM

Recognizing and celebrating Indigenous talents, skills, and knowledge, many employers have committed to creating diverse, equitable, and inclusive workplaces. Sometimes, however, these diversity initiatives fall short of creating the supportive and safe environments in which Indigenous WIL students thrive. This collection of resources encourages employers to go beyond an 'add and stir' approach to diversity and inclusion, featuring strategies and conversation prompts to better recognize and counter tokenism in the workplace.





Posting and Beyond \rightarrow







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Self-Location Activity

With Julianna Nielsen



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SELF-LOCATING & SELF-IDENTIFYING

Many employers have introduced special hiring programs for Indigenous people and request that Indigenous job-seekers identify themselves in their applications. To make use of these programs, students might be asked to add a note to their cover letter, include a diversity statement, or complete a questionnaire. This resource was created to not only assist students in their decisions to disclose on job applications (or not), but also to affirm and suggest boundary-setting strategies with respect to personal privacy.

Self-Locating & Self-Identifying Information Sheet →
Self-Locating & Self-Identifying Poster →

Why self-locate?

- To identify the power you hold;
- To understand your relationships with others; &
- To reflect on privileges, structures of power, and responsibilities.

For your reflection:

- Who are your relatives & ancestors?
- What stories do your names carry or honour?
- What was/is your **relationship to the lands** on which you grew up? On which you reside today?
- How do **your identities** intersect and impact on your everyday experiences? (e.g. gender, sexuality, ability, ethnicity, racialization, class, status, &etc...)

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Self-Locating and Self-Identifying

Many employers request that Indigenous students self-identify in their job application. Self-identification can take the form of adding a note in your cover letter, including a diversity statement, or completing a questionnaire. This info sheet helps students navigate their process of self-locating and their decision to self-identify in the hiring process.

Employment Equity and Legal Protections

The Canadian Human Rights Act (R.S.C. 1985, c. H-6) protects against hiring and workplace discrimination, while the Employment Equity Act (S.C. 1995, c.44, s.2) encourages employers to recognize, and preactively address, the employment barriers faced by women, Indigenous peoples, persons with disabilities, and visible minorities.

To help employers identify and correct inequitable employment opportunities, the BC Office of the Human Rights Commissioner allows employers to introduce limited and preferential hiring programs in favour of equity-seeking groups.

Responding to the Truth and Reconciliation Commission's (TRC) Calls to Action on employment disparity, employers may ask you to self-identify as indipensus so as to:

- Track recruitment, application, and hiring gaps;

Better meet the needs of indigenous partners and clients

'Employment equity-means more than treating persona in the same way but also requires special measures and the accommodation

Self-locating and Self-identifying

Self-location is a deeply personal process. For many, self-locating is a wey of acknowledging and honouring relationships with relatives, lands, and communities. By reflecting on these relationships, self-location can also be helpful in identifying your social positions

Self-identification is a voluntary process. For some job applications you might self-identify in your cover letter in a way that feels right to you. Alternatively, employers might provide you with a short question that asks about your status, membership, and/or ancestry.

There are many ways in which one may self-locate and identify. Our intention is not to provide a template to follow. We instead pose a series of questions that may help you through the reflective process of salfinsution. Consider reflecting on the following questions with a friend. relative, community mentor. Edge, school counselor, or other person your trust to respect your process.

Questions to Ask Yourself

- What is your name? Bhat are your family names? What stories do these names carry?
- · Who are your relatives? Where are your ancestors from?
- With which Nations, bands, clans, or groups do you find belonging? What do your relationships with your communities look like?

What traditions, activities, experiences, and knowledges independent you with your community and culture?

- On whose lands were you born? Where did you grow up? What is your relationship to the territory on which you currently reside?
- Looking at yourself as a whole person, how does your indigenous identity and experience relate with your pender, sexual prientation. area, class, ability, and additional aspects of your cultural, athesic, or natial identities?

Experiences of dislocation and reconnection are indigenous experiences and it is okay to not have answers to these questions, it is also normal for your experiences, insights, and relations to grow over time and change how you answer some of these questions. Further, we encourage you to connect with members of your communities to engage with specific cultural protocals.

Questions that are Illegal for Employers to Ask

Under human rights laws, employers may not ask you about your age. family circumstances, health, history of arrest, faith, disability, gender, or ethnicity lunless relevant to the jubi. If your interviewer asks questions that are illegal to ask, regardless of intent, curiosity, or tone, you can decline to access

Setting Boundaries

Your stories, experiences, and identifies are yours to tell and disclose-or not. In applying and interviewing for jobs, consider reflecting on your personal boundaries. What are you comfortable sharing with employers?

Here, we identify some strategies to assert your hourdaries and challenge prying and/or irrelevant questions that you might encounter in your job search.

Turn the question back on the interviewer. Add for specifications "how is (my) _____ relevant to the position?"

Redirect the conversation towards hiring criteria and job performance. E.g., 'This does not affect my performance and competency as a [leader/learn member/etc]

Move on to the next question 18 prefer not to answer this question

Trusting Your Own Judgement and Engaging the Interviewer

Use your own ludgement in deciding what is best for you and your situation. The interview is a place for you to assess the employer's values and compare them to your own. Sometimes, you might want to draw on personal and relevant life experiences to tell the interviewer why you are the best candidate for the job. We emphasise that disclosure should always be voluntary, and we encourage you to communicate your rights and boundaries if you should encounter inappropriate employer conduct You might also consider following up with your WIL Coordinators or community Elders for support.

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We antefully acknowledge the suggest of the Ministry of Advanced Education and Skith Training for the inducerous WII. Resource Hull

University Co-operative Education of Victoria



Self-Location Debrief

SELF-LOCATING & SELF-IDENTIFYING

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Self-Locating & Self-Identifying Information Sheet \rightarrow

Self-Locating & Self-Identifying Poster \rightarrow



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Exercise preferential or limited hiring procedures

· Create equitable and diverse workplaces: and







With Renée Livernoche





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Responding to the TRC's Calls to Action

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lationships with Indigenous peoples and commit to consent and consultation.

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able and sustainable opportunities for Indigenous advancement

boriginal peoples have equitable access to jobs, training, and education opportunities in the tor, and that Aboriginal communities gain long-term sustainable benefits from economic volects."

f on Indigenous histories, cultures, treaties, rights and the legacies of Residential Schools.

tion for management and staff on the history of Aboriginal peoples, including the history and ential schools, the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, Treaties and hts, Indigenous law, and Aboriginal-Crown relations. This will require skills based training in ompetency, conflict resolution, human rights, and anti-racism."

pes your unit encourage employers to respond to this TRC Call to Action? Are there strategies lable to support employers' efforts to create indigenous-specific WIL placements and training that protocols are in place for engaging with employers hiring for industry or infrastructure opposition and/or legal challenges?



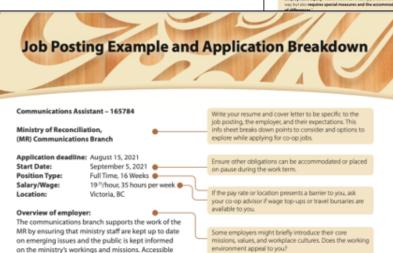
Indigenous WIL Resources

With Karima Ramji

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https://acewilbc.ca/projects/ indigenous-wil-resourcehub/



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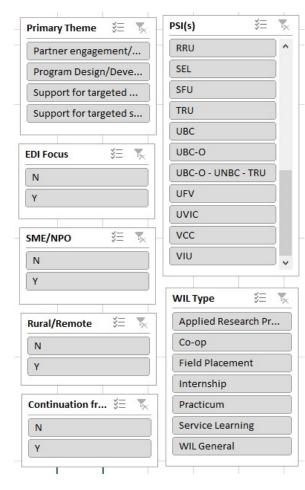
on and Skills Training for the Indigenous WII, Resource Hub

Themes of the Phase II COWIL Projects

The 46 Phase II projects are sorted into 4 primary themes:

- Program design/development
- Partner engagement/recruitment
- Support for targeted students
- Support for targeted employers/partners

Sort through projects using the themes dashboard: <u>https://acewilbc.ca/resource-library/themes-dashboard-for-phase-ii-cowil-projects/</u>



Breakout rooms

Self-select a breakout room based on one of the four themes:

Breakout room #1: Partner engagement/recruitment

Breakout room #2: Support for targeted students

Breakout room #3: Support for targeted employers/partners

Breakout room #4: Program design/development



Prompts: What interests you about these projects? What is your project about? What do you hope to learn? How do you plan to collaborate?

Support for COWIL Initiative on the Resource Hub

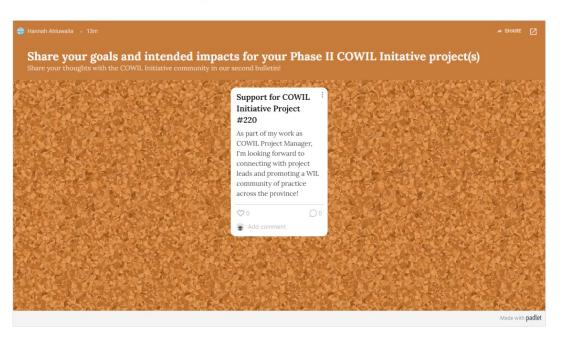
https://acewilbc.ca/projects/su pport-for-co-op-and-wilinitiative/

Share your thoughts on the COWIL bulletin boards

Learn how to upload resources to the hub

PHASE II COWIL PROJECTS

- List of Phase II Projects, Budgets and Contact Info
- Themes Dashboard for Phase II COWIL Projects



SAVE THE DATES! RESET, REFRESH, REIMAGINE 2022 March 9 & May 4

9am to 12 noon PST



Our professional development this year focuses on finding the reset button, refreshing and reimagining our work.

First, on March 9th our colleagues Karima Ramji and Renee Livernoche will share their work on the Indigenous Resource Hub which provides inspiring insights into strengthening relationships and decolonizing practices.

In our second Spring session on May 4th, Candy Ho will inspire us to see the impact of our work in relation to the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

Information Request- ACE-WIL Research Committee Survey

The ACE-WIL Research Committee is interested in learning more about the research you conduct in WIL and about your research interest.

Please take 5 minutes to complete this survey: <u>https://www.surveymonkey.ca/r/L6W</u> <u>XMQS</u>





Member Survey

Research in Work-Integrated Learning Thank you for taking time out of your busy schedule to support the ACE-WIL Research Committee. We are interested in learning more about the research you conduct in WIL and

1. What is your employment position? (please check all that apply)

to understand research topics that are of interest to you.

Placement/ internship coordinatc
Wit. facilitator/ coordinator
Career counselor/ advisor/ coact
Researcher
Teacher/ lecturer
Faculty Member
Manager
Director
Consultant



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Thank you everyone!

